

# Bokashi Composting FANTH CANERS



The Bokashi bucket is a practical and convenient alternative for transforming kitchen waste into a nutrient rich soil conditioner. The Bokashi composting system creates the ideal conditions for airtight (anaerobic) composting, eliminating the odours and unpleasantness associated with decay.

### What can be composted?

You can compost almost any kitchen food waste including fresh fruit and vegetables; prepared foods; cooked and uncooked meats and fish; cheese; eggs; bread; coffee grinds; tea bags; wilted flowers and small amounts of paper. Do not include liquids such as milk and fruit juice or meat bones.

#### How to use a Bokashi bucket

- Place your Bokashi bucket somewhere close to where your food waste is produced - either on the kitchen bench or under the sink.
- Place the drain plate supplied with the kit at the bottom of the bucket. This allows excess liquid to drain into the bottom of the bucket.
- Place a 3-4 cm layer of organic waste on top of the drain plate before coating evenly with a handful of Bokashi mix.
- Add your food waste to the bucket as you produce
- At the end of each day, press down to remove air pockets using a mashing utensil or similar.
- Add a small sprinkle (handful) of Bokashi mix over the food waste so that the entire surface area is covered. Use more when adding high protein foods such as meat, fish, cheese and eggs.

- Ensure the airtight lid is resealed.
- Repeat the process until the bucket is full. For an average family, this will take about 3 or 4 weeks.
- Once or twice a week, drain the liquid that has accumulated in the bottom of the bucket and use diluted as a soil conditioner or drain cleaner (see instructions on use over leaf).
- When the bucket is full, empty the contents into a small hole or trench in your garden. The waste material will be fermented, but it will not be broken down at this stage - it needs to go into the soil to physically break down into humus.
- Rinse the bucket with water (no detergent or soap), drain and repeat the whole process.
- In 2 to 3 weeks, the waste you have buried will then be mostly broken down into soil, and will be rich with nutrients, microbes and enzymes, all naturally produced.















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#### Things to note

- Well fermented Bokashi compost should have a smell similar to that of pickles or cider vinegar.
- Occasionally, particularly for longer fermentation periods, a white cotton-like fungi growth may appear on the surface. This shows that a good fermentation process has occurred.
- The waste material will not break down in the bucket it
  will only ferment it. The physical break down of waste
  will only begin when you empty the bucket into the soil
  and because it is already fermented, it will break down
  very quickly.
- You can leave your Bokashi bucket when you go away on holidays - just make sure that the lid is sealed, you've added a layer of Bokashi mix, and the drain has been emptied. The longer you leave the bucket to ferment, the "sweeter" the material will be when you return.
- Be careful NOT to allow pets to eat the fermented waste.
   While there is nothing harmful in Bokashi, partially decomposed foodwaste can cause harm to some pets.

## **Troubleshooting problems**

If you notice a strong rancid / rotten smell or the presence of black or blue fungi, the likely causes are:

- Not adding enough Bokashi mix.
- Not replacing the lid tightly after every use.
- Not pressing out the air pockets.
- Not draining the juice from the bucket.
- Prolonged or direct exposure to sunlight or extreme temperatures.

To solve, find a spot in the garden, away from plants, and dig a 30-35cm hole. Place 3 handfuls of Bokashi mix into the bottom of the hole and tip the poor batch of compost into the hole. Mix with soil and sprinkle another 3 handfuls of Bokashi mix. Fill in the hole with soil. Wash the bucket and start again.

Bokashi buckets can be purchased from major hardware stores and smaller retailers such as Environment House.

#### How to use the compost

- Bury the contents of the bucket directly into your garden around shrubs and trees or in a trench that you can use later as a growing bed. Cover with at least 15cms of soil.
- Bokashi compost is acidic when first dug in but neutralizes after 7 to 10 days. Be sure that plant roots do not come directly into contact with it in the early stages as it may burn the roots. When the bucket is full again, you can do the same thing in a different part of the garden or part of the trench.
- Alternatively, you can place the contents into your worm farm (but be sure to give them small amounts first so they get used to it) or directly into an outside compost bin (ensure that you have placed some soil or mulch on top to keep it airtight).

### How to use the liquid

- The amount of liquid produced depends on the foods in your bucket. Make sure it is used within 24 hours after draining it from the bucket.
- The liquid is a fantastic fertiliser. Dilute the liquid with water at about 1:100 ratio and water it onto your lawn, pot plants or garden beds. Do not apply directly to foliage.
- Around the house, pour the undiluted Bokashi liquid directly into your kitchen and bathroom drains, toilets or septic systems. The effective microorganisms will help to prevent algae build-up and control odour. It will also help to clean up our waterways by competing with harmful bacteria.